

YOJEE LIMITED
(COMPANY)
ACN 143 416 531

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 30 September 2025 and has been approved by the Board of the Company on that date.

This Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company has, during the financial year ended 30 June 2025, followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition) (**Recommendations**). The Recommendations are not mandatory, however the Recommendations that have not been followed for any part of the reporting period have been identified and reasons provided for not following them along with what (if any) alternative governance practices the Company intends to adopt in lieu of the recommendation.

The Company has adopted a Corporate Governance Plan containing a suite of policies and charters which provide the written terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance duties.

The Company's Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Investors Centre page on the Company's website at <https://www.yojee.com/investors-asx-announcements>

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
<i>Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight</i>		
Recommendation 1.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a charter which sets out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management, and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	YES	The Company has adopted a Board Charter that sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management. The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chair and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of any Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
		management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy. A copy of the Company's Board Charter, which is part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.
Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	YES	(a) The Company has guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board in its Corporate Governance Plan. The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) requires the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to ensure appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director. (b) Under the Nomination Remuneration and Committee Charter, all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director must be provided to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director. The Company provides a biography for each director being put forward for election or re-election as a director. The biography contains details of relevant qualifications and experience that demonstrate that the individual is suitable for election to the Board.
Recommendation 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	YES	The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter requires the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to ensure that each Director and senior executive is a party to a written agreement with the Company that sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment. The Company has written agreements with each of its Directors and senior executives.
Recommendation 1.4 The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	YES	The Board Charter outlines the role, responsibility and accountability of the Company Secretary. In accordance with this, the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board. The Company currently engages an external Company Secretary and

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION						
		the responsibility for the oversight and management of the contract lies with the Chair and the Board.						
Recommendation 1.5 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	YES	(a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy that provides a framework for the Company to establish and achieve measurable diversity objectives, including in respect of gender diversity. The Diversity Policy is available, as part of the Corporate Governance Plan, on the Company's website. (b) The Diversity Policy allows the Board to set measurable gender diversity objectives, if considered appropriate, and to assess annually both the objectives if any have been set and the Company's progress in achieving them. (c) (1) The Nomination Committee Charter states that the committee will work towards achieving at least 40% female representation in senior roles. (2) The Company has made progress towards achieving that measurable objective during FY 2025 but has not yet surpassed it, as set out below. (3) The respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation for the financial year ending 30 June 2025 and current financial year is as follows. Senior executive positions for the purposes of this disclosure are constituted by the Company's leadership team. <table><tr><td>Proportion of women in the whole organisation</td><td>32%</td></tr><tr><td>Proportion of women in senior executive positions</td><td>29%</td></tr><tr><td>Proportion of women on the Board</td><td>33%</td></tr></table>	Proportion of women in the whole organisation	32%	Proportion of women in senior executive positions	29%	Proportion of women on the Board	33%
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Proportion of women on the Board	33%							
Recommendation 1.6 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and	YES	(a) The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors on an annual basis. It may do so with the aid of an independent advisor. The process for this is set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website.						

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(b) disclose, for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that reporting period.		(b) The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether or not performance evaluations were conducted during the relevant reporting period. The Board has undertaken the performance review of the Board and directors in respect of FY 2025.
Recommendation 1.7 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	YES	(a) The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Company's senior executives on an annual basis. A senior executive, for these purposes, means key management personnel (as defined in the Corporations Act) other than a Non-Executive Director. The applicable processes for these evaluations can be found in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, which is available on the Company's website. (b) The Company completed performance evaluations in respect of the majority of its senior executives for the past financial year in accordance with the applicable processes.
Principle 2: Structure the Board to be effective and add value		
Recommendation 2.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or	YES	(a) The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter provides for the creation of a Remuneration and Nomination Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company), with at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director. (b) With regard to the function of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee the Board considers, that due to the size of the Board and the nature of the Company's activities, the Company will not currently benefit from its establishment. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, including the following processes to address succession issues and to ensure the Board has the appropriate

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION																						
(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.		balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: (i) devoting time at least annually to discuss Board succession issues and updating the Company's Board skills matrix; and (ii) all Board members being involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.																						
Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a board skill matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	YES	Under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan), the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is required to prepare a Board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board currently has (or is looking to achieve) and to review this at least annually to ensure the appropriate mix of skills and expertise is present to facilitate successful strategic direction. The current skills matrix is set out below. The Board Charter requires the disclosure of each Board member's qualifications and expertise. Full details as to each Director's relevant skills and experience are available in the Company's Annual Report. <table><tr><th>Skill</th><th>Directors</th></tr><tr><td>Strategy</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Operational Management</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Information Technology</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>Project Delivery</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Finance</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Tax</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>Risk Management</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Corporate Governance</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Equity Capital Markets</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>Compliance/Legal</td><td>3</td></tr></table>	Skill	Directors	Strategy	3	Operational Management	1	Information Technology	2	Project Delivery	3	Finance	3	Tax	2	Risk Management	3	Corporate Governance	3	Equity Capital Markets	2	Compliance/Legal	3
Skill	Directors																							
Strategy	3																							
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RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION	
		Commercial Negotiations	3
		International Jurisdiction Experience	2
		Health, Safety, Environment and Community (HSEC)	3
Recommendation 2.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendation (4th Edition), but the Board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director	YES	(a) The Board Charter requires the disclosure of the names of Directors considered by the Board to be independent. The Company will disclose those Directors it considers to be independent in its Annual Report. The Board considers the following Directors were independent during the year ended 30 June 2025 and subsequent period: i. Shannon Robinson ii. Davide Bosio (b) There are no independent Directors who fall into this category. The Company will disclose in its Annual Report any instances where this applies and an explanation of the Board's opinion why the relevant Director is still considered to be independent. (c) The Company's Annual Report contains the appropriate appointment and resignation dates of each of its Directors at the end of the financial year.	
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	YES	The Company's Board Charter requires that, where practical, the majority of the Board should be independent. The Board currently comprises a total of three directors, of whom two are considered to be independent. As such, independent directors currently form a majority of the Board.	
Recommendation 2.5 The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	YES	The Board Charter provides that, where practical, the Chair of the Board should be an Independent Director and should not be the CEO/Managing Director. The Chair of the Company, Shannon Robinson, is an independent Director and is not the CEO/Managing Director.	

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Recommendation 2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	YES	In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Remuneration and Nominations Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for the approval and review of induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities. The Company Secretary facilitates inductions and professional development for members of the Board.
Principle 3: Instill a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly		
Recommendation 3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	YES	The Company values are contained within the Code of Conduct of the Company and are conveyed through the Company ASX announcements and website. The Company and its subsidiary companies are committed to conducting all business activities fairly, honestly with a high level of integrity, and in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Board, management and employees are dedicated to high ethical standards and recognise and support the Company's commitment to compliance with these standards.
Recommendation 3.2 A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	YES	(a) The Company's Code of Conduct applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives and employees. The Company's Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website. (b) Any material breaches of the Corporate Code of Conduct are reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.
Recommendation 3.3 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	YES	(a) The Company's Whistleblower Protection Policy sets out the responsibilities and expectations and responsibilities of all employees, executives and directors. The Company's Whistleblower Protection Policy, which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website. (b) The Board will receive a formal report on any material incidents that are reported under the Whistleblower Protection Policy.
Recommendation 3.4	YES	(a) The Company's Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy, which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, sets out the

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A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.		responsibilities and expectations of all employees, executives and directors. (b) The Board will receive a formal report on any material incidents that are reported under the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy.

Principle 4: Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports		
Recommendation 4.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its financial reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	YES	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains an Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter that provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Management Committee, with at least three members, a majority of whom must be non-executive, independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director who is not the Chair of the Board. The Charter provides that where there is not a separately constituted Committee, the Board will carry out the duties of the Committee as prescribed by the Charter. The Company established an Audit and Risk Management Committee as the Board considered that the Company would benefit from its establishment. During FY 2025, as the Board had only three members during the year, the function of the Committee was carried out by the whole Board. There was one meeting of the Board formally convened as a meeting of the Audit and Risk Committee during the year. A non-executive director acted in the committee chair capacity and the Company Secretary acting as the committee secretary. The relevant qualifications and experience of the Company's Directors are included in the Annual Report. In addition, the Board regularly considered Audit and Risk M management matters in accordance with the Charter at other Board meetings. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Audit and Risk Management Committee (and in the absence of a separately constituted committee, the whole Board) carries out the duties under the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter to oversee the entity's risk management framework. The Board regularly considered

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
		risk matters at Board meetings during the year in accordance with the Charter.
Recommendation 4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's consolidated financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	YES	The Company's Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter requires the CEO and CFO (or, if none, the person(s) fulfilling those functions) to provide a sign off on these terms. The Company has obtained a sign off on these terms for each of its financial statements in the past financial year.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	YES	As outlined in the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter, all reports not audited or reviewed by an external auditor are reviewed for accuracy and verified for integrity by the Audit and Risk Management Committee (or, in its absence, the Board), the CFO and Company Secretary prior to release.
Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure		
Recommendation 5.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under Listing Rule 3.1.	YES	(a) The Corporate Governance Plan provides details of the Company's disclosure policy. In addition, the Corporate Governance Plan details the Company's disclosure requirements as required by the ASX Listing Rules and other relevant legislation. (b) The Corporate Governance Plan, which incorporates the Continuous Disclosure Policy, is available on the Company website.
Recommendation 5.2 A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	YES	The Board receives email confirmation and copies of all market announcements released on the ASX Market Announcement Platform at the time of release.
Recommendation 5.3 A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	YES	The Company makes all investor presentations available to the market via the ASX Market Announcement Platform before they are delivered to investors. The presentations are also publicly available via the Company's website.
Principle 6: Respect the rights of security holders		
Recommendation 6.1 A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	YES	Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company's website.
Recommendation 6.2 A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	YES	The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Policy, which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Shareholder Communications Policy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders and is available on the Company's website as part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.

RECOMMENDATIONS (4 TH EDITION)	COMPLY	EXPLANATION
Recommendation 6.3 A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	YES	Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all general meetings of the Company and are notified of details via the notice of meeting provided within the requisite notice period in line with each shareholders' communication preference.
Recommendation 6.4 A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	YES	All substantive resolutions at a meeting of shareholders of the Company are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.
Recommendation 6.5 A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	YES	The Shareholder Communication Policy provides that security holders can register with the Company to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted. Shareholder queries should be referred to the Company Secretary at first instance.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk**Recommendation 7.1**

The board of a listed entity should:

- (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:
 - (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:
 - (iii) the charter of the committee;
 - (iv) the members of the committee; and
 - (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the process it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

YES

The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains an Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter that provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Management Committee, with at least three members, all a majority of whom must be non-executive, independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director who is not the Chair of the Board. Details of the members of the Audit and Risk Committee are included in financial reports of the Company.

The Company established an Audit and Risk Management Committee as the Board considered that the Company would benefit from its establishment. During FY 2025, as the Board had only three members during the year, the function of the Committee was carried out by the whole Board. There was one meeting of the Board formally convened as a meeting of the Audit and Risk Committee during the year. A non-executive director acted in the committee chair capacity and the Company Secretary acting as the committee secretary. The relevant qualifications and experience of the Company's Directors are included in the Annual Report.

In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Audit and Risk Management Committee (and in the absence of a separately constituted committee, the whole Board) carries out the duties under the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter to oversee the entity's risk management framework. When practicable, management reports to the board the Group's management of its material business risks, with the Board regularly considering risk matters during Board meetings. As such, the Group has continued to develop a risk reporting framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures into a detailed policy as its operations continue to grow.

There was one meeting of the Board formally convened as a meeting of the Audit and Risk Committee during the year, with all members at the time in attendance. In addition, the Board regularly considered risk matters at Board meetings during the year in accordance with the Charter. .

Recommendation 7.2

- (a) The Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter requires that the Audit and Risk Management Committee (or, in its absence, the Board)

The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework with management at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	YES	should, at least annually, satisfy itself that the Company's risk management framework continues to be sound and the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board. (b) A review of the Company's risk management framework in respect of the period has been commenced by the Board.
Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	YES	(a) The Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter provides for the Audit and Risk Management Committee to monitor the need for an internal audit function. (b) The evaluation and improvement of the Company's risk management process in accordance with the risk management framework is an ongoing process involving exercising due care and skill in assessing risk, developing strategies to mitigate such risk, monitoring the risk and the Company's effectiveness in managing it. The responsibility for undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control effectiveness is delegated to management. Management is required by the Board to report back on the efficiency and effectiveness of risk management, and on any risks that have been identified.
Recommendation 7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental and social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	YES	The Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter requires the Audit and Risk Management Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to assist management to determine whether the Company has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks. The Company discloses this information in its Annual Report and on its ASX website as part of its continuous disclosure obligations.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
Recommendation 8.1 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	YES	(a) The Company does not have a separate Remuneration Committee. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains a Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter that provides for the creation of a Remuneration and Nomination Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company), with at least three members, a majority of whom must be independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director. (b) The Company does not have separate Remuneration and Nomination Committee but this function is carried out by the Board. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter including the following processes to set the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive: i. the Board devotes time at periodic Board meetings to assessing the level and composition of remuneration for Directors and senior executives; ii. the Board collectively reviews and approves all compliance lodgements in relation to audited statutory financial accounts lodged with ASX.
Recommendation 8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	YES	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Directors and senior executives, which is disclosed in the remuneration report contained in the Company's Annual Report.

Recommendation 8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	YES	The Company has established an Equity Incentive Plan. In accordance with the Company's Securities Trading Policy, the plan does not allow participants to enter into transactions that would limit their economic risk under the scheme. The Company's Securities Trading Policy sets out the circumstances in which the Directors, executives, employees, contractors, consultants and advisors (Designated Persons) are prohibited from dealing in the Company's securities. The Securities Trading Policy is available on the Company's website via the Corporate Governance Plan.
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